

Achievements of Perovskite PV during the last years

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- Material quality and conversion effiency
- Upscaling and Industrialization
- Long term stability
- Sustainability profile
- Opportunities for the technology





Efficiency Race ...

Detailed-Balance efficiency limit:



Image: https://www.nrel.gov/pv/interactive-cell-efficiency.html

Image: A. Polman, M. Knight, E.G. Garnett, B. Ehrler, and W.C. Sinke, "Photovoltaic materials - present efficiencies and future challenges", Science 352, 307 (2016). DOI: 10.1126/science.aad4424. (Impv.amolf.nl/db)

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Routes for Perovskite upscaling



Lab process: Spin coating







(1) Slot-Die Coating:



(2) Co-evaporation:



(3) Hybrid:

Evaporated anorganics + solution-processed organics

Slot-die Coated Perovskite PV devices

Ink optimization for the fabrication of slot-die coated FAPbI₃ perovskite solar cells with MACI additive to reduce large area non-homogeneity (ribbing)

i) Ink composition	ii) Wetfilm after coating	iii) Illustration: ribbing
a) 2-ME ink 1 M FAPbl ₃ 10 mol% MACl in 92 vol% 2-ME 8 vol% NMP	coating direction ribbing	ribbing
 b) 46% ACN 1 M FAPbl₃ 10 mol% MACl in 46 vol% 2-ME 46 vol% ACN 8 vol% NMP 		homogeneous



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- Co-evaporated perovskite/SHJ Tandem
 - Glass/POE/Glass + butyl

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 Pronounced increase in March-May, likely due to higher irradiance



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FIGURE 3 (a) Energy return on energy investment (EROI_{PE-eq}) and (b) end-of-life (EoL) recoveries as a percentage of the element entering the recycling process and as the mass recovered per tonne of EoL modules recycled. Note that the recoveries are independent of the recycling rate. Tin and lead are recovered as oxides. EROI_{PE-eq} values have been normalized to an average irradiation of 1700 kWh/(m² year), PR of 0.75, lifetime of 30 years, and a grid efficiency (η_{grid}) of 0.30. Underlying data can be found in Supporting Information S2.



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