

WATER-ORIENTED LIVING LABS



HOW TO ASSESS AND EVOLVE WATER-ORIENTED LIVING LABS A MANUAL WITH A VISION

NOTEBOOK SERIES#2









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INTRODUCTION

This Water-Oriented Living Labs Notebook Series #2 document provides practical and provisional guidelines for the identification, assessment, and evolution of Water-Oriented Living Labs (WOLLs). Its purpose is to serve as a manual for those parties who want to drive their research and development process towards a Water-Smart Society, as defined in Water Europe's Vision, and embed their water-smart innovations in society, using the Living Labs concept. It follows the Water-Oriented Living Labs Notebook Series #1 document, titled "WOLLs - Definitions, Practices and Assessment Methods", which details the history and the state-of-the-art of the Living Lab concept, and identifies the tailored version of the Harmonization Cube as the best instrument for assessing Water-Oriented Living Labs. The present document is a follow-up in which next steps are proposed to tailor the Harmonization Method and develop a practical supporting tool for the assessment and evolution of WOLLs.

WOLLS AND A WATER-SMART SOCIETY

To further leverage the Living Lab concept to stimulate water Water-Oriented Living Labs are relevant innovation ecosystems that promote the co-creation, testing, and evaluation of innovation in a European context, collaborative networks of innovations in representative real-life environments, with the interoperable Water-Oriented Living Labs (WOLLs) are seen ultimate aim of realising a 'Water-Smart Society'. as a promising instrument for advancing the water sector's future strategic agenda. Such a network of collaborative and The creation of a Water-Smart Society represents a formidable complementary Living Labs would require a harmonized challenge. It encompasses the need for major societal chanapproach in their set-up and practices, so that research results, ges in response to climate change and demographic trends, innovations and good practices can be generated, compared including realising a robust and reliable water sector with and shared in a coordinated and concerted manner. Such a flood risk management and water security as important goals. harmonized approach is expected to contribute to accelera-The pursuit of a circular economy and the energy transition ting the innovation process aimed at tackling key societal chaare also part of the challenge. All these elements are compollenges such as water scarcity, pollution and climate change nents of important international policies, including the Euroimpact, and ultimately at realising Water Europe's Vision of a pean Green Deal. Water-Smart Society.

The Living Lab concept is highly relevant to the innovation process leading towards a Water-Smart Society. It takes research and development out of laboratories and sets it in real-life contexts. This allows for a better understanding of what triggers innovations and of those innovations that prove to be successful in different environmental, social, and cultural contexts. A Living Lab is not only a network of infrastructures and services, but also a collaborative ecosystem that is established to sustain community-driven innovations in a multi-stakeholder context. It offers an effective research methodology for sensing, prototyping, validating, and refining complex solutions in multiple and evolving real-life contexts, which go beyond the researcher's perspective.



The assessment methodology and tool have not yet been fully developed in detail for the water sector but sets the base for further development in a next step, together with stakeholders from the water sector and practitioners from Living Labs. The creation of this more advanced method and supporting tool as well as promoting the realisation of Living Labs focused specifically on realising Water Europe's Vision – that is, a network of Water Europe Living Labs (WELLs) - is in fact the subject of the next Water-Oriented Living Labs Notebook series #3 document, titled 'How to Develop a WELL. Advanced Guideline for a Water-Smart Living Lab Approach', which will be known as 'The BlueBook'.

To this end, this manual proposes the fundamental components of a standardised process and practical support tool to map, assess and evolve European Living Labs, and set the stage for the harmonised development of an interoperable network of WOLLs.

From an overall perspective, we believe that a Water-Smart Society represents the realisation of our Vision, while the WOLL approach, resulting ultimately in WELLs, is an important instrument we use to achieve this. In essence, one could therefore say that the formula VISION x WOLL= WELL reflects our aspiration.

A VISION FOR WATER-ORIENTED LIVING LABS IN EUROPE

The current playing field in Europe is characterized by a large number of initiatives in which water-related innovations find their way into real-life applications. Living Labs can be of great social value in this regard because they can help enhance the speed and scale with which these introductions take place. Living Labs can be characterized by properties along two important dimensions:

- 1. Scale. This refers to the Living Lab's spatial coverage and the related governance. Here, we can distinguish Living Labs of three different scales: regional (e.g., river basins, public domain), urban (public-private domain e.g. cities) and local (e.g., specific industrial areas or domestic living quarters, private domain).
- 2. Maturity. This second dimension refers to the level of development of the Living Labs' conceptual and operational development. Based on the recommended Living Lab Analysis Model (LLAM) or the so-called Harmonization Cube (see Water-Oriented Living Labs Notebook Series #1), we distinguish three levels: start-ups, sustainables and scalables. The last category is considered the top category, consisting of sustainable Living Lab organisations that have achieved a high level of maturity.

Water Europe wishes to further develop and deploy the Living Lab instrument, in the shape of Water-Oriented Living Labs, in close collaboration with Water4All in the drive towards a water-smart Europe. We observe, however, that there are wide variations in the level of maturity of the existing Living Lab initiatives and relevant gaps or inefficiencies in the European landscape of (collaborative) Living Labs with respect to the innovation challenges that need to be tackled to meet our Vision of a Water-Smart Society. This means all innovative aspects of a Water-Smart Society need to be taken on by a network of (Water-Oriented) Living Labs, e.g. multiple-waters, circular water, digital water, resilient water and inclusive water.

There is consequently a strong need for a more systemic approach, which would allow Living Labs to contribute more effectively to the realisation of water-smart goals. This will of course need to be in harmony with the objectives of important European legislation such as WFD, RED and CAP as well as with the Green Deal. With this in mind, Water Europe will be joining forces with European water stakeholders to further evolve the concept of Water-Oriented Living Labs. The ultimate goal is to promote the evolution of the European network of Living Labs from low to medium maturity level, through to the highest degree of organisation/maturity that Water-Oriented Living Labs can achieve in Europe, namely, that of a Living Lab accredited by Water Europe: a Water Europe Living Lab, or WELL.

The current WOLLs, as they are described in all their diversity in Water Europe's Atlas of the EU Water-Oriented Living Labs,

provide our starting point. This list of WOLLs can be further expanded, and they can be assessed to establish their maturity levels, as well as their potential to evolve into WELLs.

As recommended in the Water-Oriented Living Labs Notebook Series #1 the LLAM (Living Lab Assessment Model) Harmonization or Cube is recommended as the best available assessment method to be used for assessing and evolving Living Labs.



To pursue Water Europe's WELL strategy, this method needs to be tailored for the water sector in general, and more particularly with the future goal of a network of collaborative Water-Oriented Living Labs in mind. The immediate challenge is, in close partnership with the Water4All programme, to stimulate and guide the growth and development of WOLLs along concrete steps towards role in tackling all the challenges towards the vision of a Water-Smart Society and towards a well-functioning WOLL with the highest level of maturity (i.e. WELL).

The ultimate objective is to develop a collaborative network of WELLs - or 'WELLNet' - which will make an indispensable contribution to realising Water Europe's Vision of a Water-Smart Society.

This vision and strategy for migration from the current situation and maturity levels of Water-Oriented Living Labs, towards an established network of mature and collaborative WELLs, can be visualised in Table 1. It distinguishes existing WOLLs variants as i-WOLLs (i for initial) and e-WOLLs (e for established) and s-WOLLs (s for scalable) based on the maturity levels in the Harmonization Cube. The migration goals are to evolve the lower maturity WOLLs towards higher levels. Indicative timing by Water Europe is to realise the future vision of a network of WELLs (WELLNet) by 2027, using the intermediate period to invest in the migration path to realise a critical mass of and complementary, collaborative and "interoperable" WELLs; "interoperable" meaning that results in the Living Labs are standardised to an extend that they can be exchanged with other Living Labs as well, providing meaningful experimental results on which next level research and innovation can be built, as such accelerating the innovation path towards a Water-Smart Society.

Maturity levels	A. Actual	B. Mig
1. Start-up	i-WOLL	i-WOL
2. Sustainable	e-WOLL	e-WO
3. Scalable	s-WOLL	s-WOL
Strategic Guidance	WE Vision	WE Vi

Table 1: Development stages in the context of Water Europe's existing (Actual) and upcoming (new) activities and longer term (future) goal; and those in context of the Water4All programme (Green: present situation. Red: Synergetic actions of Water4All and WE. Orange: Mission of WE).

Driving the impact of WOLLs

In the pursuit of these objectives, Water Europe, drawing on its Vision, will stimulate the evolution of the concept of Water-Oriented Living Labs as an instrument taking into consideration three key functions in modern innovation, multi-disciplinary R&D, digitalisation, and communication & inclusiveness:

- 1. Multi-disciplinary R&D. The integration of water targeted R&D into Living Labs is one of the main historical motivations underlying the development of the WOLL concept. Today, however, a WOLL is much more than simply a means of introducing new water technology, it has become pre-eminently an attractive, integrated setting for the parallel amalgamation of various innovations – such as those relating to a circular economy, a Nexus approach, or the coupling of water and energy. After all, a Water-Smart Society amounts to much more than the introduction of disruptive or incremental water technology innovations. Water Europe therefore sees a productive Water-Oriented Living Lab environment as a multifunctional organisational form that pursues a Water-Smart Society with a view to the general social interest.
- 2. Digital Twins. Digital twins have a key role to play in WOLL development. A digital twin integrates artificial intelligence (e.g., evolve and change along with their real-life counterparts. They provide an integrated digital knowledge management system, with which up-to-date system information is shared unambiguously and traceably with supervisors, water managers and citizens (online). This makes it possible, for instance, to study the consequences of potential measures by means of scenario planning. Digital twins are increasingly being employed in the planning, realisation and maintenance of water systems and their infrastructure. For all stakeholders, including citizens, access to reliable, current information is essential if we are to meaningfully involve them in decision-making. That is why Water Europe sees a digital twin configuration with citizen oriented IoT tools as a fundamental part of its WOLL approach.
- they bring together different stakeholders to collaborate on achieving common goals. After all, WOLLs deal with real-life situations in which meeting the social challenges surrounding water is considered a task to be shared by citizens, governments, and the private sector. In this context, Water Europe sees an important role for both the network of WOLLs (or WELLs) and itself in communication to the different stakeholders, and in promoting communication among them. Modern communication tools (e.g. social media) embedded with the network of collaborative WOLLs can play a crucial role in promoting inclusive research and innovation, considered to be one of the key components in successful modern innovation processes.

gration	(WE & Water4All)	C. Future (WE)
LL 🚽	e-WOLL	
LL 🚽	s-WOLL	
LL 🚽	► WELL	WELLNet
ision	Water4All SRIA	WE Vision

machine learning) and domain models with real-time data, creating living digital replicas of a physical infrastructure which

3. Communication & inclusiveness. WOLLs provide an excellent environment for effective communication, thanks to the way

THE LIVING LAB ASSESSMENT MODEL (LLAM): HARMONIZATION CUBE

An effective and accurate WOLL assessment process and tool are indispensable in the effort to promote the development and evolution of a network of collaborative WOLLs. We have found that the most appropriate tool for the task is a tailored version of the Harmonisation Cube, an assessment method developed in an EU-funded CoreLabs project (IST035065). The Harmonization Cube (LLAM) model combines academic learnings and definitions i.e. the six aspects (e.g. foundational elements) that represent the essential characterization of a Living Lab (Mulder et al. 2008), as well as many of the common principles for fostering well-functioning Living Lab ecosystems as defined by our Water-Oriented Living Labs Notebook Series #1, 'WOLLs – Definitions, Practices and Assessment Methods'. It furthermore standardises ("harmonises") them for a comprehensive assessment of Living Labs on all its aspects. Using such a harmonising approach allows for comparative and concerted mapping, assessing and evolution: i.e. development of action plans and roadmaps towards the network of collaborative Living Labs.

Having been adopted by ENoLL as its key taxonomy for classifying Living Labs from all sectors, it also promises potential for benchmarking and comparison with other Living Labs throughout Europe (even from other sectors), allowing for sharing best practices and learning from each other in the development of Living Labs towards higher levels of maturity.

The 3-step assessment methodology presented below applies a version of the Harmonisation Cube tailored to WOLLs. It can be used as a guide for the co-ordinated assessment, analysis, synergic development, harmonisation, and networking of regional WOLL initiatives. It will foster the building of bridges between existing WOLLs, enabling them to learn from each other, benchmark successful approaches and exchange best practices. It also facilitates alignment and knowledge sharing with Living Lab initiatives in other sectors, thanks to a common Living Lab concept and a harmonised language.

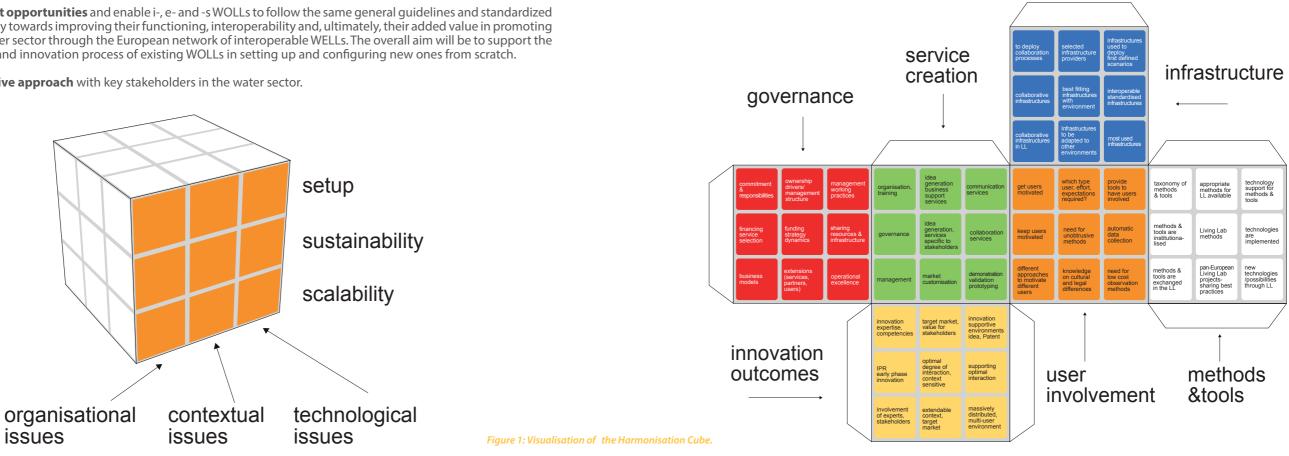
In its current form however, the Harmonisation Cube is not suited for:

- mission statement, such as the Water Europe Vision.
- roadmap for them to become WELLs.

A next generation Harmonization Cube method and practical tool-suit will be needed to meet Water Europe's vision. In this Water-Oriented Living Labs Notebook Series #2 we investigate how the Harmonization Cube could be tailored to the water sector and a first prototype of a practical tool-suite will be proposed, together with a 3-step assessment methodology in which the tailored method and tool can be applied. In a next step, to fully meet Water Europe's Vision, the Water-Oriented Living Labs Notebook Series #3, titled 'How to Develop a WELL. Advanced Guideline for a Water-Smart Living Lab Approach', will be produced and made available in the autumn of 2022. To be known as 'The BlueBook', it will provide more detailed guidelines for tailoring the tool towards specific requirements and strategic goals in the water sector. It will be produced in close consultation with Water Europe's Vision Leadership Teams (VLTs), as well as partners in European projects, in which Water Europe participates and experience is gained with Living Labs. Water Europe's Vision will govern this process.

As will be shown, the Harmonisation Cube can currently be used to:

- Assess and analyse the six foundational elements inherent to any Living Lab's functioning and development, as represented on the Harmonisation Cube's six faces, namely: 1) governance, 2) service creation, 3) infrastructure, 4) methods & tools, 5) user involvement and 6) innovation outcomes (Figure 1). The analysis of these foundational elements in greater detail, will allow to determine the WOLLs' maturity level (i-, e-and -s WOLLs) in their natural development cycle, from start-up, to sustainability and scalability.
- Identify development opportunities and enable i-, e- and -s WOLLs to follow the same general guidelines and standardized reference methodology towards improving their functioning, interoperability and, ultimately, their added value in promoting innovations in the water sector through the European network of interoperable WELLs. The overall aim will be to support the further development and innovation process of existing WOLLs in setting up and configuring new ones from scratch.
- Enhance a participative approach with key stakeholders in the water sector.





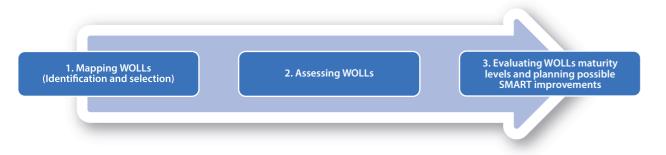
• Focussing the assessment and analysis on evaluation criteria to determine the contribution of a WOLL to the aims of a specific

• Assessing WOLLs in terms of specific water-sector requirements, with a view to qualifying them as WELLs, or creating a

For the time being, the provisional assessment of existing Water-Oriented Living Labs will be conducted using the 3-step methodology which is described in the next section. The assessment's final outcome will be a core group of i-, eand s- WOLLs which, together, will provide a testbed for the new WOLL approach (see Table 1). A selection from this core group of WOLLs will be fed into the WOLLs x Vision = WELLs equation in a subsequent phase, in a process supported by the advanced BlueBook guidelines.

The 3-STEP WOLL ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

The 3 steps in the proposed WOLL assessment methodology are: 1) Mapping WOLLs, 2) Assessing WOLLs and 3) Evaluating WOLLs maturity levels and planning possible SMART improvements.





STEP 1: MAPPING WOLLs

The activities will start with the identification and characterization of a group of EU candidate WOLLs, and their selection based on pre-identified criteria expressed in the shared definition of Water-Oriented Living Labs. This will generate a map/long list of demo- and platform-type environments for the development, testing and validation of water-related innovations, which may qualify as WOLLs.

Step 1: Mapping WOLLs

Applying the methodology to map candidate WOLLs

The activities will start with the identification of demo- and platform-type environments for the development, testing, and validation of water-related innovations. These environments will be selected as candidate WOLLs based on pre-identified criteria expressed in a shared definition of Water-Oriented Living Labs. This will result in a map of the existing Living Lab organisations dedicated to implementation of research, development, and innovation relating to the water sector.

Shared definition of Water-Oriented Living Lab:

Water-Oriented, real-life demonstration and implementation instrument that brings together public and private institutions, government, civil society, and academia to jointly build structured grounds to develop, validate, and scale-up innovations that embrace new technologies, governance, business models, and advancing innovative policies to achieve a Water-Smart Society. Step 1 hence involves the conduct of a desk-top study and stakeholder mapping to identify and map water-oriented demo- and platform-type environments that provide a 'field lab' to develop, test, validate and implement water-oriented innovations. The basic characterizations of these candidate

Candidate WOLL name
Location
Scale (Local, Municipal, Regional, National)
Estimated Maturity

Further analysis of each candidate will then be carried out to establish to what extent they meet the basic criteria to qualify for a WOLL.

Initial Selection CriteriaMISSION STATEMENTMission statement related to Water Europe's Vision?Mission statement related to the WATER4ALL SRIA?Mission statement related to EU WFD, RED, CAP or Green Deal?Mission statement related to UN SDG approach?Mission Statement related to specific National Member State IssuFOCUSReference to Water Infrastructure Asset Management Issues?Reference to Total Cost of Ownership Issues?Reference to Integrated Spatial Planning Issues?Reference to Water-Food Sustainability Issues?

ORGANISATION

A permanent set-up of the Living Lab? Designated real-life test environment? An open-test environment? Involvement and commitment of multiple stakeholders from

Involvement of cross-linking Nexus partners from different se A continuity plan for the Living Lab (e.g., planned revenue str



WOLLs will be collected and documented, to produce in a provisional classification by scale (local, municipal, regional or national) and initial ranking by maturity (start-ups, sustainables or scalables), as shown below.

An initial list of selection criteria (to be further finetuned in Water-Oriented Living Lab Notebook series #3) is shown below.

	(Yes/No)
	(Yes/No)
l?	(Yes/No)
	(Yes/No)
Issues?	(Yes/No)
	(Yes/No)
	(Yes/No)
	(Yes/No)
	(Yes/No)
the water sector (including water authorities)?	(Yes/No)
ectors (Water-Food-Energy)?	(Yes/No)
reams for multi-annual economic sustainability)?	(Yes/No)





STEP 2: ASSESSING WOLLs

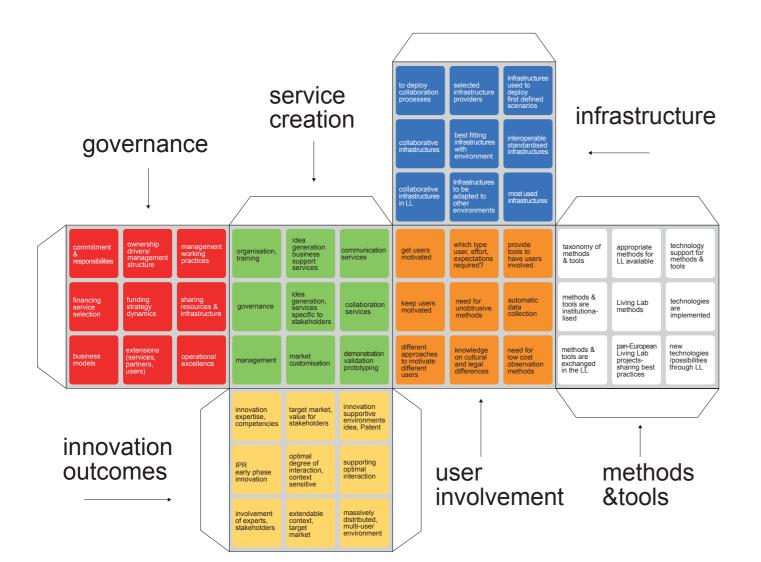
This involves using a tailored Harmonisation Cube for the qualitative and quantitative assessment of the candidate WOLLs.

STEP 2: ASSESSING WOLLs

Once the list of candidate WOLLs has been drawn up, the application of the tailored Harmonisation Cube assessment can be prepared and carried out. As mentioned earlier, the Harmonisation Cube is currently considered the best available assessment methodology. It harmonises methods and tools for the analysis of Living Lab, providing detailed assessment criteria for the six foundational elements of any Living Lab, namely: 1) governance, 2) service creation, 3) infrastructure, 4) methods & tools, 5) user involvement and 6) innovation outcomes. Each of these elements occupies one face of the Cube (see figure 2).

As shown in Figure 3, each face of the Cube includes a 3x3 evaluation matrix, with organisational, contextual, and technological perspectives on the horizontal axis; and the three phases of a Living Lab's development: setup, sustainability and scalability, on the vertical axis.

The 3x3 evaluation matrix is used to assess each foundational element of the Living Lab. This determines the development phase and the opportunities for strengthening its impact on the implementation of innovations, which is achieved by improving its organisational set-up, its interaction with its environment (contextual), and the way it leverages technologies to optimise support to the research, development, and innovation process. The general evaluation criteria (so not yet made specific for the water sector) per foundational element are shown in Figure 3.



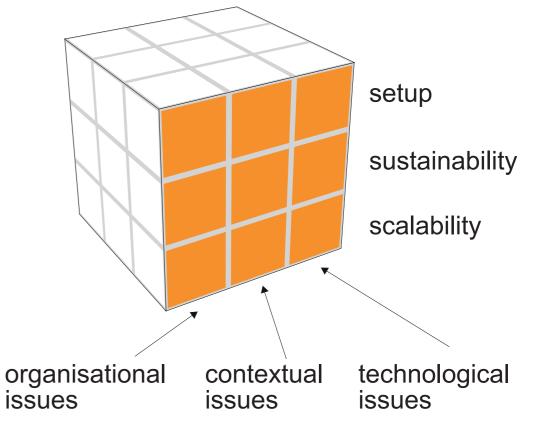


Figure 2: The 6 foundational elements of the Harmonization Cube.



Figure 3: The 9 evaluation perspectives of the Harmonization Cube.

user involvement

get users motivated	what type of users, efforts, expectations are required?	provide tools to have users involved					
keep users motivated	need for unobtrusive methods	automatic data collection					
different approaches to motivate different users	knowledge on cultural and legal differences	need for low cost observation methods					

infrastructure

to deploy collaboration processes	selected infrastructure providers	Infrastructures used to deploy first defined scenarios					
collaborative infrastructures	best fitting infrastructures with environment	interoperable standardised infrastructures					
collaborative infrastructures in LL	Infrastructures to be adapted to other environments	most used infrastructures					

service creation idea generation organisation, communication business training services support services idea generation, collaboration governance services services specific to stakeholders demonstration market management validation customisation prototyping

governance

commitment & responsibilities	ownership drivers/ management structure	management working practices				
financing service selection	funding strategy dynamics	sharing resources & infrastructure				
business models	extensions (services, partners, users)	operational excellence				

innovation outcomes

innovation expertise, competencies	target market, value for stakeholders	innovation supportive environments idea, Patent
IPR early phase innovation	optimal degree of interaction, context sensitive	supporting optimal interaction
involvement of experts, stakeholders	extendable context, target market	massively distributed, multi-user environment

methods & tools

taxonomy of methods & tools	appropriate methods for LL available	technology support for methods & tools
methods & tools are institutiona- lised	Living Lab methods	technologies are implemented
methods & tools are exchanged in the LL	pan-European Living Lab projects- sharing best practices	new technologies /possibilities through LL

APPLYING THE HARMONISATION CUBE TO CURRENT WOLLS

In order to evaluate Water-Oriented Living Labs, a first tailored version of the Harmonisation Cube and a practical tool have been developed. The tool tailors both the 6 foundational elements and the 3x3=9 evaluation criteria for each foundational element to the basic Research, Development and Innovation requirements in the water sector. These are the WOLL metrics, which in the present report are still provisional. These metrics serve to explore the playing field to define the outlines of a more detailed approach targeting the water sector.

The WOLL metric scores will allow us to provisionally assess the extent to which a Living Lab currently meets the fundamental WOLL objectives. The fundamental elements and associated objectives are presented below, followed in Figure 4 by their layout in the Harmonisation Cube scoring tool:

USER INVOLVEMENT

Objective: Involve water users (e.g., cities/citizens, industry and/or agriculture) as well as the users of innovations that will enable a Water-Smart Society (e.g., water users, utilities, and related service providers like wastewater management companies), giving them the opportunity to have an influence on solutions that will affect their future.

SERVICE CREATION

Objective: Facilitate and support the development of new ideas, services and solutions that contribute to a sustainable and Water-Smart Society and offering representative (semi) real-life environments of water production, distribution and (re)use, for co-design and validation.

INFRASTRUCTURE

Objective: Provide the physical or virtual environment to integrate, test, validate and measure the performance of water innovations. This may involve an experimental set-up (e.g., in labs, or demo sites) or, real-life test environments for water production, distribution and (re)use (e.g., at utilities, river basin settings, urban areas, [agro] industrial sites).

GOVERNANCE

Objective: Engage the quadruple helix from the water sector in an innovation-eco-system, for instance, by involving public (water management) authorities (including utilities), water users, water research organizations and technology developers, with a view to having them work jointly on the management and continuity of the WOLL.

INNOVATION OUTCOME

Objective: Facilitate innovations that contribute to a sustainable and Water-Smart Society ('mission focus'). These outcomes can consist of knowledge, new products and services and/or IPR. Outcomes can take the form of finished end-user applications, but also of prototypes or simply of knowledge about usage patterns.

METHODS AND TOOLS

Objective: Provide and continuously update specific (interoperable) methods and tools to acquire relevant large-scale user data related to the targeted innovation outcomes within the water sector.



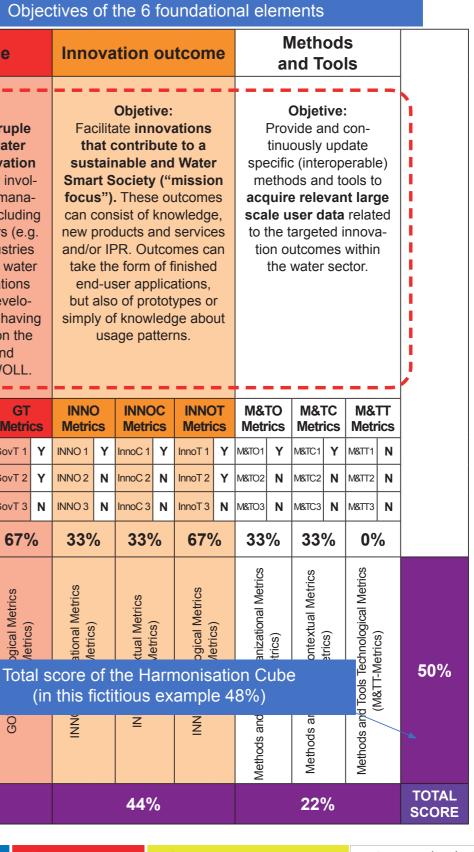
THE WOLL HARMONISATION SCORING TOOL

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	UC Metri		UC Metri		U1 Metr		SC Metri		SC Metr		ST Metric	s	IO Metrics	IC Metr		IT Metric	s	Gov Metri		GC Metrics		GT trics	INN Metr		INNO Metr		INNO Metric		M&T Metri													
Set up	UO 1	Y	UC 1	Y	UT 1	Y	SO 1	Y	SC 1	Y	ST1	Y	Infra0 1 Y	InfraC ²	1 Y	InfraT 1	Y	Gov0 1	Y	GovC 1 Y	GovT	1 Y	INNO 1	Y	InnoC 1	Y	InnoT 1	Y	M&TO1	,												
Sustainability	UO 2	Y	UC 2	Y	UT 2	N	SO 2	Y	SC 2	N	ST2	Y	Infra0 2 N	InfraC 2	2 Y	InfraT 2	Y	Gov0 2	N	GovC 2 Y	GovT	2 Y	INNO 2	N	InnoC 2	N	InnoT 2	Y	M&TO2	1												
Scalability	UO 3	Y	UC 3	N	UT 3	N	SO 3	N	SC 3	N	ST3	N	Infra0 3 N	InfraC 3	3 N	InfraT 3	N	Gov0 3	N	GovC 3 N	GovT	3 N		N	InnoC 3	N	InnoT 3	N	M&TO3	1												
	100	%	67%	%	339	%	679	%	339	%	67%	, 0	33%	67	%	67%	, D	33%	6	67%	67	7%	33	%	339	%	67%	, D	33%	1												
	User Organizational Metrics		 Contextual Metrics (110_Metrics) 		ogical Metrics	(UI-IMetrics)	Service Organizational Metrics	(SO-Metrics)	Service Contextual Metrics	(SC-Metrics)	Service Technological Metrics (ST-Metrics)		Infra Organizational Metrics (Infra0-Metrics)	tual Metrics	Metrics)	Infra Technological Metrics (InfraT-Metrics)		Organizational Metrics		ttual Metrics /letrics)	ogical Metrics	Aetrics)	ational Metrics	/letrics)	tual Metrics	detrics)	ogical Metrics Aetrics)		anizational Metrics	trice												
	Organiza		er Contex (LIC-M		₽	M-10)	e Organiz	M-OS)	ice Conte	(SC-M	te Techno (ST-M	-	Organizational M (Infra0-Metrics) a Contextual Me (InfraC-Metrics) Technological M (InfraT-Metrics)			Drganiza (Infra0-N a Contex (InfraC-1 Technolc (InfraT-N			Drganiza (Infra0-I a Contex (InfraC-I Technolc			Drganiza (Infra0-I a Conte» (InfraC- Technole (Infra T-I			Organiza (Infra0- a Conte) (InfraC- Technole (Infra T-			Drganiza (Infra0-1 a Contex (InfraC-1 Technolc					Тс						nonisa ample	atic		l
	User		User		User		Service		Serv		Servic		Infra	Infra		Infra		GOV		Ŭ	09		NNI		Z		Z		Methods and													
METRICS SCORE			679	%					56%	6				56'	%					56%					44	%																
	Deale			0											6				6	ractructu			LGov																			

WOLL Maturity Radars WOLL Overall score WOLL User involvement WOLL Service Creation WOLL Infrastructures WOLL Governance WOLL Innovation outcomes WOLL Methods & Tools

Figure 5: Tool for assessing attributes of the Harmonisation Cube adapted to the WOLLs (example of the overall scoring tabs).





WOLL QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS

The WOLL Harmonisation scoring tool was developed to facilitate and guide an assessor in evaluating each and all of the foundational elements of the Harmonisation Cube through the use of the WOLL quantitative metrics. The assessor scores each foundational element on the basis of simple 'yes' or 'no' answers to a series of metric questions, as exemplified below.

USER METRICS

- User Organisational Metrics (UO-Metrics)
- User Contextual Metrics (UC-Metrics)
- User Technological Metrics (UT-Metrics)

SERVICE METRICS

- Service Organisational Metrics (SO-Metrics)
- Service Contextual Metrics (SC-Metrics)
- Service Technological Metrics (ST-Metrics)

INFRA METRICS

- Infra-Organisational Metrics (InfraO-metrics)
- Infra Contextual Metrics (InfraC Metrics)
- Infra Technological Metrics (InfraT-Metrics)

GOV METRICS

- GOV Organisational Metrics (GovO-Metrics)
- GOV Contextual Metrics (GovC-Metrics)
- GOV Technological Metrics (GovT-Metrics)

INNO METRICS

- INNO Organisational Metrics (Inno-Metrics)
- INNO Contextual Metrics (InnoC-Metrics)
- INNO Technological Metrics (InnoT-Metrics)

METHODS & TOOLS METRICS

- Methods and Tools Organisational Metrics (M&TO-Metrics)
- Methods and Tools Contextual Metrics (M&TC-Metrics)
- Methods & Tools Technological Metrics (M&TT-Metrics)

Scoring the WOLL metrics in the tool produces a score for each metric type (3 per foundational element, so a total of 18 (3x6); for each foundational element (6 in total); as well as a total score for the WOLL in question, indicating the areas where its further development might be considered. Figure 6 shows an example of the scoring tool applied to the User Metrics.

WOLL Harmonisation Cube scoring Tool Have a lutions future.

	UO Metri		UC Metri		UT Metri						
Set up	UO 1	Y	UC 1	Y	UT 1	Y					
Sustainability	UO 2	Y	UC 2	Y	UT 2	N					
Scalability	UO 3	Y	UC 3	Ν	UT 3	N					
	100	%	67%	6	339	%					
	User Organizational Metrics (110-Metrice)		User Contextual Metrics	(00-Method)	User Technological Metrics	(OI-INERICS)					
METRICS SCORE			679	%							



User Involvement

Objetive:

Involve waters users (e.g., cities/citizens, industry and/or agriculture) as well as the users of innovations that will enable a WaterSmart Society (e.g., water users, utilities, and related service providers like wastewater management companies), giving them the opportunity to have an influence on solutions that will affect their A screenshot of one of the 6 tabs in the scoring tool is shown below, taking the example of the User Involvement foundational element. It shows how the assessor will be able to score each of the 9 WOLL metrics with a simple 'yes' or 'no' in response to specific water-oriented questions.

WOLL Harmonisation Cube scoring Tool	Objetive: Involve water users (e.g., cities/citizens, industry and/or agriculture) as well as the users of innovations that will enable a Water-Smart Society (e.g., water users, utilities, and related service providers like waste water management companies), giving them the opportunity to have an influence on solutions that will affect their future.										
		UO-Metrics	_		UC-Metrics		1	UT-Metrics			
Set up	UO 1	Do you focus the LL on at motivating at least one of the key water user groups to be involved in measurements and the design process of water innovations (ur- ban/citices, industry and/or agriculture)?	Y	UC 1	Did you characterise the type of water or water related technology users you want to engage in the innovation process (type of water user, water related technology user), to take into consideration their differences ?	Y	UT 1	Did you set-up methods and tools to engage with the defined user groups (e.g. online tools for social networking, apps, cameras, video etc. design workshops and consultation meeting, brain storming etc held in the local places as schools, libraries, cafes)?	Y	100%	
Sustainability	UO 2	Did you agree on longer term arran- gements with user proups of water or related technologies?	Y	UC 2	Did you design a engagement strategy for water users or technology users, as part of the co-creation process? E.g. to keep users motivated	N	UT 2	Did you set-up methods and tools for continuous feedback from users e.g. permanent industry sounding board, citizens communities?	N	67%	
Scalability	UO 3	Did you consider to expand user enga- gement and research, e.g. towards other type of water users, or (collaborate with) other geographical areas (including con- frontation with other LLs)?	Y	UC 3	Did you adapt engagement strategy e.g. towards other type of water users, or other geogra- phical areas taking into account knowledge on cultural and legal differences?	N	Т 3	Did you set-up low cost continous user observation technologies and standards e.g. atomated data collection of water use in the LL en- vironment etc), that allow for sharing research results with other LLs or?	N	33%	
SMART opportunities for /OLL maturity development	UO Score	100%		UC Score	67%		UT Score	33%			
S=Specific: Define a specific allenges and action to improving your LL maturity level											
M=Measurable: Define delive- rables or concrete progress on targeted challenge	ments		Pos	sibility to	score each of the 9 met	rics w	/ith a simp	le			
=Actionable: Verify if you as a ving Lab organisation can actual DO something to realise these improvements	Improve		n th	is exampl	ach leading to a quantifie e 100%, 67% and 33%) dational element (in this	, and	overall sc	otric			
R=Reasonable: within the scope of your available resources: define now much resources would be re- guired to realise the improvements	non		10			CXal	npie 07 %)				
T=Timely: realisable within acceptable timing: define a reasonable timeline to realise the improvements											
METRICS SCORE					67%					TOTAL SCORE	

Figure 7: Scoring of the WOLL metrics in the User involvement Tab.

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STEP 3. EVALUATING WOLLS MATURITY LEVEL AND PLANNING POSSIBLE SMART IMPROVEMENTS

Step 3: Evaluating WOLLs maturity levels

Following the quantitative analyses in Step 2, a qualitative analysis can be performed in those cases in which improvement opportunities have been identified. To this end, the WOLL scoring tool offers an assessor the possibility to focus on specific improvement points and developing an improvement plan based on a SMART approach.

WOLL MATURITY ASSESSMENT AND VISUALISATION

The tool provides visualisations (WOLL maturity Radars) of the maturity levels in a dedicated tab, to enable a quick and easy overview of where further developments and improvements in the WOLL are possible.

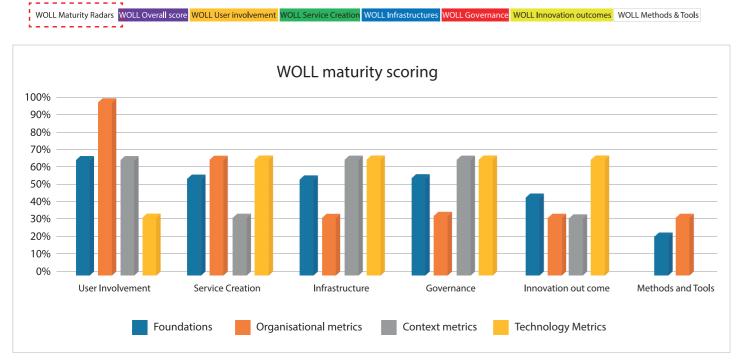


Figure 8: Example overview of WOLL maturity scoring.

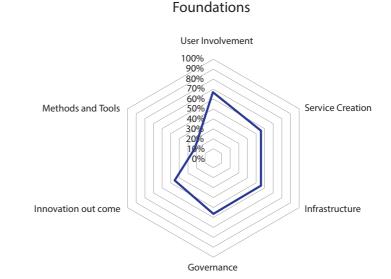


Figure 9 Example of Radar visualisation of WOLL maturity scores considering Organisational, Context and Technology Metrics.

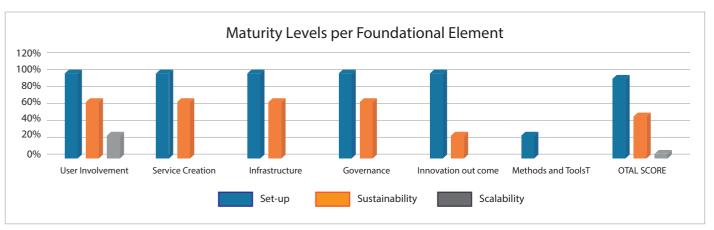
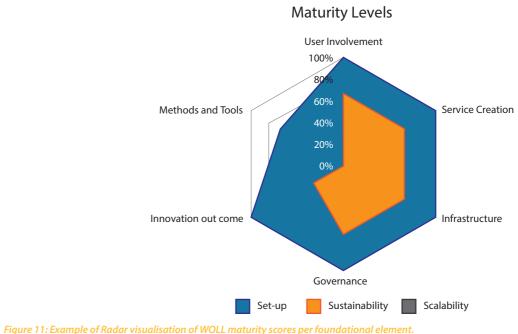
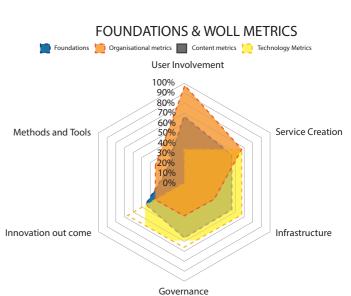


Figure 10: Example overview of WOLL maturity scoring per WOLL foundational element.





DEVELOPING A WOLL – SMART IMPROVEMENT PLAN

Where low scores have been received, the WOLL or its (external) assessor will be able to use the tool to define an improvement plan using the SMART approach. The SMART in SMART goals in our WOLL assessment tool stand for Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Reasonable, and Timely. Defining these parameters as they pertain to specific goal-setting helps ensure that objectives are focused, concrete, realistic, assessable and attainable within a certain time frame. With the WOLL tool the SMART approach can be applied in each foundational element. For each foundational element in the Harmonization Cube priority Actions and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) can be defined related to the WOLL metric types (organisational, context or technical), to improve the maturity levels of the Living Lab, as follows:

- **S** = **Specific:** Define specific challenges and actions to improve the Living Lab maturity level.
- M = Measurable: Define deliverables or concrete progress for targeted challenge.
- A = Actionable: Verify whether the Living Lab organisation can actual do something to realise these improvements (and indicate who is in a position to implement the improvement action).
- **R** = **Reasonable:** Ensure that the improvement actions are within the scope of available resources; define how many resources (FTE, budget) would be required to realise the improvements.
- **T** = **Timely:** Ensure actions are realisable within acceptable time-frame; define a reasonable timeline to realise the improvements.

SMART opportunities for WOLL maturity development	UO Score	100%	UC Score	67%	UT Score	33%
S=Specific: Define a specific challenges and action to improving your LL maturity level						
M=Measurable: Define delive- rables or concrete progress on targeted challenge	nents		nents		ents	
A=Actionable: Verify if you as a Living Lab organisation can actual DO something to realise these improvements	2		nprover		provem	
R=Reasonable: within the sco- pe of your available resources: define how much resources would be required to realise the	II ON		UC IL		UT Imp	
R=Reasonable: within the sco- pe of your available resources: define how much resources would be required to realise the						

CONCLUSIONS

The Water-Oriented Living Labs Notebook Series #2 document provides a first step towards developing practical and provisional guidelines for the identification, assessment and evolution of Water-Oriented Living Labs (WOLLs), in the light of Water Europe's Vision on the role of WOLLs. The document highlights how a future network of mature Water-Oriented Living Labs can play a enabling role in tackling the key challenges towards realising a Water-Smart Society. To develop such a network of collaborative and complementary Water-European Living Labs (i.e. abbreviated as WELLNet), a harmonised methodology will be required to assess the current status of Water-Oriented Living Labs, and trace the path towards developing their maturity levels and towards a complementary and collaborative WELLNet. The report shows how the existing Harmonization Cube (LLAM) method can be tailored specifically for the water sector. A first prototype tool based on this tailoring is proposed, as a basis for a next step in which this tool will be further developed together with Water Europe's Vision Leadership Teams and other relevant stakeholders from the water sector. This next step will be the subject of the Water-Oriented Living Labs Notebook Series #3, titled 'How to Develop a WELL. Advanced Guideline for a Water-Smart Living Lab Approach', which will be known as 'The BlueBook'.



APPENDIX:

SCORING TABS OF THE WOLLS ASSESSMENT TOOL



What follows are the details of the different scoring tabs within the WOLL assessment tool. Every WOLL is to be scored on the basis of a simple 'yes' or 'no' answer to each question. The results will be translated into a quantitative score per metric type – i.e., O (organisation), C (context) and T (technology) – and an overall score for the specific foundational element concerned. In the following stage, Step 3, the assessor will be able to qualitatively analyse the scores, with the aim of identifying means of improving the WOLL's performance on the specific foundational element, and thus increase its maturity level per metric type, and advance its interoperability within the European network of WOLLs.

Detailed WOLL Metrics per Foundational Element

1. User Involvement (U) Score

	USER (U) INVOLVEMENT SCORE									
Objetive: Involve water users (e.g., cities/citizens, industry and/or agriculture) as well as the users of innovations that will enable a Water-Smart Society (e.g., water users, utilities, and related service providers like waste water management companies), giving them the opportunity to have an influence on solutions that will affect their future.										
	UO-Metrics			UC-Metrics			UT-Metrics			
UO 1	Do you focus the LL on at motivating at least one of the key water user groups to be invol- ved in measurements and the design process of water innovations (urban/citices, industry and/or agriculture)?	Y	UC 1	Did you characterise the type of water or water related technology users you want to engage in the innovation process (type of water user, water related technology user), to take into consideration their diffe- rences?	Y	UT 1	Dis you set-up methods and tools to en- gage with the defined user groups (e.g. online tools for social networking, apps, cameras, video etc. design workshops and consultation meeting, brain storming etc held in the local places as schools, libraries, cafes)?	Y		
UO 2	Did you agree on longer term arrangements with user proups of water or related technolo- gies?	Y	UC 2	Did you design a engagement stra- tegy for water users or technology users, as part of the co-creation pro- cess? E.g. to keep users motivate?	N	UT 2	Did you set-up methods and tools for continuous feedback from users e.g. per- manent industry sounding board, citizens communities?	N		
UO 3	Did you consider to expand user engagement and research, e.g. towards other type of water users, or (collaborate with) other geographi- cal areas (including confrontation with other LLs)?	Y	UC 3	Did you adapt engagement strategy e.g. towards other type of water users, or other geographical areas taking into account knowledge on cultural and legal differences?	N	UT 3	Did you set-up low cost continous user observation technologies and standards e.g. atomated data collection of water use in the LL environment etc), that allow for sharing research results with other LLs?	N		



2. Service Creation (SC) Score

SERVICE CREATION (SC) SCORE

Objetive:

Facilitating and supporting the development of new ideas, services and solutions that contribute to a sustainable and water smart society, and offering a representative (semi) real-life environments of water production, distribution and (re)use, for co-design and validation.

	SCO-Metrics			SCC-Metrics			SCT-Metric
SCO 1	Did you set up and train the stakeholders for a collaborative and co-creation process within the WOII targeted at tackling challenges in the water sector, covering at least technical services (e.g. demo and prototyping)?	Y	SCC 1	Did you identify and set-up new idea generation approaches through identifying critical or important aspects to the water smart society and do you have a business support (market strategies) services in place?	Y	SCT 1	Did you set-up a clea plan and services to co-creation process; sharing valuable less tion from successful water related project
SCO 2	Do you have a stable governance structure, that reflects all relevant stakeholders of water value chain for the co-creation process within the focus area of your WOLL?	Y	SCC 2	Did you set-up a sustainable me- chanism for user involvement in idea generation, services to specific stakeholders, considering open innovation and interoperatibility aspects as well as and customer services (e.g. market customisation etc)?	N	SCT 2	Did you set-up durab vices using technolog tools to support and between all parties in
SCO 3	Do you manage the service creation process taking into consideration intra-network servi- ces (collaborations and learning with external parties, beyond your core-partners and other Living Labs)?	N	SCC 3	Do you facilitate the design of user engaged market uptake strategy for the resulting products and services for the water sector, including IPR and business models?	N	SCT 3	Did you have suppor enable cooperation to involved to make der tion and prototyping?

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ty, and offering a reprerics lear communication to engage users in the ss; and do you consider ss; and do you consider ul and unsuccessful ects and teams? able collaboration serlogies or other similar ad enable cooperation s involved? borting technologies to n between all parties demonstration, validaag?

3. Infrastructure (Infra) Score

INFRASTRUCTURE (Infra) SCORE

Objetive: Providing the physical or virtual environment, to integrate, try-out, validate and measure the performance or water innovations. This may mental set-up (e.g. in labs, or demo-sites) or (preferably) reallife test environments including (external) infrastructures for water production of the performance of (re)use (e.g. at utilities, urban areas, (agro) industrial sites)

	InfraO-Metrics			InfraC-Metrics			InfraT-Metric
InfraO 1	Did you set-up a collaboration process to deploy and operate networks, sensors, data collection mechanism that provide meaningful insights in the performance of water related innovations (as targeted in your water mis- sion)?	Y	InfraC 1	Did you select (external) infras- tructure providers (such as water utilities, urban authorities, industries etc), to set up the necessary infras- tructure needed for your project (local or regional level)?	Y	InfraT 1	Have you already dep sary infrastructures to scenarios using appro (external) infrastructu tware, servers, etc?
InfraO 2	Do you have collaborative infrastructure in place to operate networks, sensors, data collection processes, analysis etc to external infrastructures surrounding the LL to be able to acquire real life user data of sufficient quali- ty and over time?	N	InfraC 2	Based on previous results, did you already identify the best fitting (ex- ternal) water related infrastructures on wich to deploy the data-collection mechanism and tools, securing lon- ger term collaboration e.g. through legal arrangements?	Y	InfraT 2	Did you set-up the teo standard, such that co llection can also be others (e.g. other ex tructures in the regio WOLLs)?
InfraO 3	Did you set-up the collaborative data-collec- tion process, to enable easy exchange and collaborative research with other WOLLs?	N	InfraC 3	Do you have the possibility to adapt and expand the infrastructure for da- ta-collection to other environments (e.g. to integrate other urban water users, or to integrate industry and/or agriculture)?	N	InfraT 3	Have you identified th nal) infrastructure (th user feedback on wa for collaborations wit that enable scalability



y include an experi ion, distribution and	
rics	
leployed the neces- to run your first test propriate water related tures hardware, Sof-	Y
echnologies, tools and collaborative data-co- e done together with external water infras- jion (country) or other	Y
the most used (exter- (that secure relevant vater innovations, also vith other WOLLs and ity)?	N

4. Governance (Gov) Score

GOVERNANCE (Gov) SCORE

Objetive:

Engage the quadruple helix from the water sector in a (inter) regional context e.g. involving public (water managing) authorities (including utilities), water users (e.g. cities/citizens, industries and/or agriculture), water research organizations and technology developers, wich jointly agree on managing and maintaining the WOLL

	GovO-Metrics			GovC-Metrics			GovT-Metrics	
GovO 1	Did you set-up responsibility, authority structure and contractual arrangements to involve the key stakeholders for the quadruple helix in the water sector (see above)?	Y	GovC 1	Did you set-up overall ownership, management structure, IPR rules and priorities of the WOLL in line with the goals of the involved orga- nizations (such us research driven, innovation driven or business driven)?	Y	GovT-1	Do you have business management working practices (working methods and innovations that managers use to impro- ve the effectiveness of work system)?	Y
GovO 2	Did you agree on longer term financial arran- gements for the joint infrastructures as well as mutual arrangement in respect to using each other's technologies and services?	N	GovC 2	Do you have funding and finan- cing strategy/service in place to continuously "fuel" the WOLL with relevant projects?	Y	GovT-2	Do you have technologies, management, tools (e.g. management software) and practices in place to allow for monito- ring and sharing the use os resources & infrastructure?	Y
GovO 3	Did you define business models to scale up your WOLL to increase its activities over time?	N	GovC 3	Did you organise the WOLL in a way that it is open to external parties, including other LL's, to carry out users tests?	N	GovT-3	Do you apply management approa- ches to aim for operational excellence problem-solving, consistency in external collaboration?	N



5. Innovation Outcomes (Inno) Score

INNOVATION OUTCOME (Inno) SCORE

ducts and se	Objetive: Facilitate predominantly innovations that contribute to a sustainable and water smart society ("mission focus"). These outcomes can be knowledge, new pro- ducts and services and/or IPR. Outcomes can be in the form of finished end-user applications but also in the form of prototypes or mere knownledge about usage patterns.										
	InnoO-Metrics			InnoC-Metrics			InnoT-Metrics				
InnoO 1	Did you arrange for the relevant innovation expertise and competencies within the WOLL to support the targeted water innovations	Y	InnoC 1	Did you define and detail your mis- sion, to aim for water oriented inno- vations that result in relevant impact to create societal and market value for the stakeholders (e.g. a SRIA)	Y	InnoT 1	Did you set-up innovation supportive environments (services) to foster Ideas, technology and Patents for the stake- holders, in line with your water oriented mission.	Y			
InnoO 2	Do you have processes in place to solve possible IPR issues and identified processes and phases to secure continued stakeholder engagements in water oriented R&D&I	N	InnoC 2	Do you have optimal degree of Interaction with the involved parties to work together, share innovation outcomes and regularly update your mission in order to take into account new developments and adaptations to different/new contexts	N	InnoT 2	Do you have a supporting technology or tools to steer the interaction between the involved parties towards the targeted outcomes	Y			
InnoO 3	Have you identified a wider pool of (external) experts (including through other WOLLs) and the possibility to engage them if required for expanding developing water related innova- tions and solutions	N	InnoC 3	Is your Living Lab ready to expand its focus or collaborate with other WOLLs to tackle challenges in adjacent markets, application or geographic areas	N	InnoT 3	Do you have technological support to engage -if required- very large multi-user engagement towards targeted innovation outcomes	N			



6. Methods & Tools (M&T) Score

METHODS & TOOL (M&T) SCORE

	Objetive: Provide and continuously update specific (interoperable) state of the art methods and tools to acquire relevant large scale user data related to the targeted innovation outcomes within the water sector.									
	M&TO-Metrics			M&TC-Metrics			M&TT-Metrics			
M&TO 1	Did you define taxonomy of methods (categorization or classification) & tools to enable meaningful results from user experiments?	Y	M&TC 1	Are your selected methods and tools for large scale (in-situ) user monito- ring and measurement available for use?	Y	M&TT 1	Do you deploy a tech-watch process to support continuous validation of state of the art methods and tools for user mo- nitoring and measurements in the water sector?	N		
M&TO 2	Are your selected methods and tools valida- ted and endorsed by the relevant stakeholders connected to the WOLL?	N	M&TC 2	Are your methods and tools geared for continued and longer term Living Lab experiments with users, within a sustainable WOLL?	N	M&TT 2	Did you set-up technology support (de- velop, testing and acceptance) to update methods and tools to the state of the art where necessary (e.g. new IoT devices)?			
M&TO 3	Did you standardize your methods & tools (e.g. open source) and search best practices, so that to enable data exchange with other WOLLs?	N	M&TC 3	Did you set-up best practices sharing methods, tools and mechanisms at panEuropean Water Oriented Living Lab projects?	Ν	M&TT 3	Did you design your methods and tools in a way (open source) to accept and in- terface new technologies/possibilities that comes through external networks (e.g. WOLLs)?			

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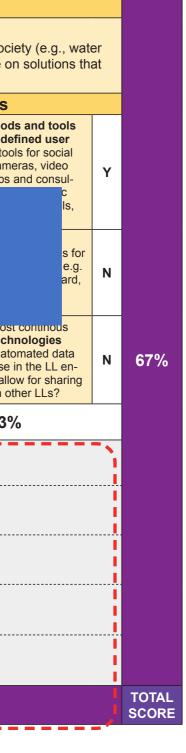
The tables below show the tool's functionality to define SMART opportunities for WOLL maturity development for different foundational elements.

WOLL USER INVOLVEMENT SCORING TAB

Water Europe

				User (U) Involvement Score	;		
WOLL Harmonisation Cube scoring Tool		r users (e.g., cities/citizens, industry an s, and related service providers like wa ir future.						
		UO-Metrics			UC-Metrics			UT-Metrics
Set up	UO 1	Do you focus the LL on at motivating at least one of the key water user groups to be involved in measurements and the design process of water innovations (urban/citices, industry and/or agriculture)?	Y	UC 1	Did you characterise the type of water or water related techno- logy users you want to engage in the innovation process (type of water user, water related	Y	UT 1	Dis you set-up method to engage with the de groups (e.g. online too networking, apps, cam etc. design workshops
Sustainability	UO 2	Did you agree on longer term arrangements with user proups of water or related technologies?	Y	UC 2	Qualitative assess opportunities f			
Scalability	UO 3	Did you consider to expand user en- gagement and research , e.g. towards other type of water users, or (collaborate with) other geographical areas (including confrontation with other LLs)?	Y	UC 3	bid you adapt engagement strategy e.g. towards other type of water users, or other geogra- phical areas taking into account knowledge on cultural and legal differences?	N	Т 3	Did you set-up low cost user observation tech and standards e.g. ato collection of water use vironment etc), that allo research results with of
SMART opportunities for WOLL maturity development	UO Score	100%		UC Score	67%		UT Score	33%
S=Specific: Define a specific challenges and action to impro- ving your LL maturity level			-					
M=Measurable: Define delive- rables or concrete progress on targeted challenge	nts			nts			ţ	
A=Actionable: Verify if you as a Living Lab organisation can actual DO something to realise these improvements	rovements			rovements			ovements	
R=Reasonable: within the scope of your available resources: define how much resources would be re- quired to realise the improvements	UO Impro			UC Impro			UT Impro	
T=Timely: realisable within acceptable timing: define a reasonable timeline to realise the improvements							_	
METRICS SCORE					67%			

WOLL Maturity Radars WOLL Overall score WOLL User involvement WOLL Service Creation WOLL Infrastructures WOLL Governance WOLL Innovation outcomes WOLL Methods & Tools



WOLL SERVICE CREATION SCORING TAB

Water Europe

			SE	RVICE	CREATION (SC) Sc	ore		
WOLL Harmonisation Cube scoring Tool		nd supporting the development of new /e (semi) real-life environments of wate						
		SCO-Metrics			SCC-Metrics			SCT-Metrics
Set up	SCO 1	Did you set up and train the stakehol- ders for a collaborative and co-creation process within the WOLL targeted at tackling challenges in the water secftor, covering at least technical services (e.g. demo and prototyping)	Y	SCC 1	Did you identify and set-up new idea generation approaches through identifying critical or important aspects to the water smart society and do you have a business support (market strategies) services in place.	Y	SCT 1	Did you set-up a clear commun- tion plan and services to engage users in the co-creation process and do you consider sharing va- ble lessons of communication f sucessful and unsuccessful war related projects and teams.
Sustainability	SCO 2	Do you have a stable governance structure, that reflects all relevant stakeholders of water value chain for the co-creation process within the focus area of your WOLL	Y	SCC 2	Did you set-up a sustainable mechanism for user involment in idea generation, services to specific stakeholders, con- sidering open innovation and interoperability aspects as well as and customer services (e.g. market customisation etc)	N	SCT 2	Did you set-up durable collabor services using technologies or similar tools to support and ena cooperation between all parties involved.
Scalability	SCO 3	Do you manage the service creation process taking into consideration in- tra-network services (collaborations and learning with external parties, beyond your core-partners and other Living Labs)	N	SCC 3	Do you facilitate the design of user engaged market uptake strategy for the resulting products and services for the water sector, including IPR and business models.	N	SCT 3	Did you have supporting technologies to enable cooperation betw all parties involved to make der tration, validation and prototypi
SMART opportunities for WOLL maturity development	SCO Score	67%		SCC Score	33%		SCT Score	67%
S=Specific: Define a specific challenges and action to impro- ving your LL maturity level								
M=Measurable: Define delive- rables or concrete progress on targeted challenge	ents			ents			nts	
A=Actionable: Verify if you as a Living Lab organisation can actual DO something to realise these improvements	provem			provem			roveme	
R=Reasonable: within the scope of your available resources: define how much resources would be re- quired to realise the improvements	SCO Improvements			SCC Improvements			SCT Improvements	
T=Timely: realisable within acceptable timing: define a reasonable timeline to realise the improvements							o de la constante de la consta	
METRICS SCORE					56%			

WOLL Maturity Radars WOLL Overall score WOLL User involvement WOLL Service Creation WOLL Infrastructures WOLL Governance WOLL Innovation outcomes WOLL Methods & Tools



ffering a			
unica- age ess; valua- n from water	Y		
poration or other nable ies	Y		
nnolo- etween lemons- rping.	N	56%	
		TOTAL SCORE	



	INFRASTRUCTURE (Infra) SCORE										
WOLL Harmonisation Cube scoring Tool	Objetive: Providing the physical or virtual environment , to integrate, try-out, validate and measure the performance of water innovations. This may include an experimental set-up (e.g. in labs, or demo-sites) or (preferably) reallife test environments including (external) infrastructures for water production, distribution and (re) use (e.g. at utilities, urban areas, (agro) industrial sites)										
		InfraO-Metrics		InfraC-Metrics		InfraT-Metrics					
Set up	InfraO 1	Did you set-up a collaboration process to deploy and operate networks, sensors, data collection mechanisms that provide meaningful insights in the performance of water related innovations (as targeted in your water mission)?	Y	InfraC 1	Did you select (external) in- frastructure providers (such as water utilities, urban authorities, industries etc), to set up the necessary infrastructure needed for your project (local or regional level)?	Y	InfraT 1	Have you already deployed the necessary infrastructures to run your first test scenarios using appropiate water related (external) infrastruc- tures hardware, Software, servers, etc?	Y		
Sustainability	InfraO 2	Do you have collaborative infrastructure in place to operate networks, sensors, data collection processes, analysis etc to external infrastructures surrounding the LL to be able to acquire real life user data of sufficient quality and over time?	N	InfraC 2	Based on previous results, did you already identify the best fitting (external) water related in- frastructures on which to deploy the data-collection mechanisms and tools, securing longer term collaboration e.g. through legal arrangements?	Y	InfraT 2	Did you set-up the technologies, tools and standard, such that colla- borative data-collection can also be done together with others (e.g. other external water infrastructures in hte region (country) or other WOLLs)?	Y		
Scalability	InfraO 3	Did you set-up the collaborative data-co- llection process, to enable easy exchan- ge and collaborative research with other WOLLs?	N	InfraC 3	Do you have the possibility to adapt and expand the infrastruc- ture for data-collection to other environments (e.g. to integrate other urban water users, or to integrate industry and/or agri- culture)?	N	InfraT 3	Have you identified the mosto used (external) infrastructure (that secure relevant user feedback on water innovations, also for collaborations with other WOLLs and that enable scalability)?	N	56%	
SMART opportunities for WOLL maturity development	InfraO Score	33%		InfraC Score	67%		InfraT Score	67%			
S=Specific: Define a specific challenges and action to improving your LL maturity level											
M=Measurable: Define delive- rables or concrete progress on targeted challenge	ments			ments			ıts				
A=Actionable: Verify if you as a Living Lab organisation can actual DO something to realise these improvements	Jroveme			Improveme			ovements				
R=Reasonable: within the scope of your available resources: define how much resources would be re- quired to realise the improvements	UO Improve			UC Imp			UT Improver				
T=Timely: realisable within acceptable timing: define a reasonable timeline to realise the improvements											
METRICS SCORE					56%					TOTAL SCORE	

WOLL Maturity Radars WOLL Overall score WOLL User involvement WOLL Service Creation WOLL Infrastructures WOLL Governance WOLL Innovation outcomes WOLL Methods & Tools

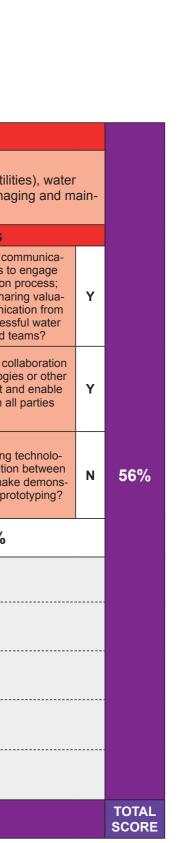


WOLL GOVERNANCE SCORING TAB

Water Europe

			(GOVERN	IANCE (Gov) SCOR	RE							
Cube scoring Tool	users (e.g. o	Objetive: Engage the quadruple helix from the water sector in a (inter) regional context e.g. involving public (water managing) authorities (including uti users (e.g. cities/citizens, industries and(or agriculture), water research organizations and technology developers, wich jointly agree on mana taining the WOLL											
		GovO-Metrics			GovC-Metrics		GovT-Metrics						
Set up	GovO 1	Did you set up responsability , authori- ty structure and contractural arrange- ments to involve the key stakeholders for the quadruple helix in the water sector (see above)?	Y	GovC 1	Did you set-up overall owner- ship, management structure, IPR rules and priorities of the WOLL in line with the goals of the involved organizations (such us research driven, innovation driven or business driven)?	Y	GovT 1	Did you set-up a clear co tion plan and services t users in the co-creation and do you consider sha ble lessons of communio sucessful and unsucces related projects and					
Sustainability	GovO 2	Did you agree on longer term financial arrangements for the joint infrastructures as well as mutual arrangement in respect to using each other's technologies and services?	N	GovC 2	Do you have funding and finan- cing strategy/service in place to continuously "fuel" the WOLL with relevant projects?	Y	GovT 2	Did you set-up durable co services using technologi similar tools to support a cooperation between a involved?					
Scalability	GovO 3	Did you define business models to sca- le up your WOLL to increase its activities over time?	N	GovC 3	Did you organise the WOLL in a way that it is open to external parties, including other LL's, to carry out user tests?	N	GovT 3	Did you have supporting gies to enable cooperatio all parties involved to mak tration, validation and pro					
SMART opportunities for WOLL maturity development	GovO Score	33%		GovC Score	67%		GovT Score	67%					
S=Specific: Define a specific challenges and action to impro- ving your LL maturity level													
M=Measurable: Define delive- rables or concrete progress on targeted challenge	ements			ements			nents						
A=Actionable: Verify if you as a Living Lab organisation can actual DO something to realise these improvements				Improvements			Improvements						
R=Reasonable: within the scope of your available resources: define how much resources would be re- quired to realise the improvements	GovO			GovC			GovTI						
T=Timely: realisable within acceptable timing: define a reasonable timeline to realise the improvements													
METRICS SCORE					56%								

WOLL Maturity Radars WOLL Overall score WOLL User involvement WOLL Service Creation WOLL Infrastructures WOLL Governance WOLL Innovation outcomes WOLL Methods & Tools



WOLL INNOVATION OUTCOME SCORING TAB

	INNOVATION OUTCOME (Inno) SCORE										
	Objetive: Facilitate predominantly innovations that contribute to a sustainable and water smart society ("mission focus"). These outcomes can be knowledge, new pro- ducts and services and/or IPR. Outcomes can be in the form of finished end-user applications but also in the form of prototypes or more knowledge about usage patterns.										
		InnoO-Metrics			Inno C-Metrics			Inno T-Metrics			
Set up	InnoO 1	Did you arrange for the relevant innova- tion expertise and competencies within the WOLL to support the targeted water innovations (SRIA related)?	Y	InnoC 1	Did you define and detail your mission, to aim for water oriented innovations that result in relevant impact to create so- cietal and market value for the stakeholders (e.g. a SRIA)?	Y	InnoT 1	Did you set-up innovation supportive environments (services) to foster ideas, technology and Patents for the stakeholders, in line with your water oriented mission?	Y		
Sustainability	InnoO 2	Do you have processes in place to solve possible IPR issues and identified processes and phases to secure conti- nued stakeholder engagements in water oriented R&D&I?	Y	InnoC 2	Do you have optimal degree of interaction with the involved parties to work together, share innovation outcomes and regularly update your mission in order to take into account new developments and adaptations to different/new contexts?	N	InnoT 2	Do you have a supporting techno- logy or tools to steer the interac- tion between the involved parties towards the targeted outcomes?	Y		
Scalability	InnoO 3	Have you identified a wider pool of (external) experts (including through other WOLLs) and the possibility to engage them if required for expanding developing water related innovations and solutions?	Y	InnoC 3	Is your Living Lab ready to expand its focus or collaborate with other WOLLs to tackle challenges in adjacent markets, application or geographic areas?	N	InnoT 3	Did you have supporting technolo- gies to enable cooperation between all parties involved to make demons- tration, validation and prototyping?	N	44%	
SMART opportunities for WOLL maturity development	InnoO Score	33%		InnoC Score 33%			InnoT 67%				
 S=Specific: Define a specific challenges and action to improving your LL maturity level M=Measurable: Define deliverables or concrete progress on 	ements			ments			nents				
A=Actionable: Verify if you as a Living Lab organisation can actual DO something to realise these improvements	0 Improve			oC Improvements			T Improvements				
R=Reasonable: within the scope of your available resources: define how much resources would be re- quired to realise the improvements	Inno			Inno			ouu				
T=Timely: realisable within acceptable timing: define a reasonable timeline to realise the improvements											
METRICS SCORE					44%					TOTAL SCORE	

WOLL Maturity Radars WOLL Overall score WOLL User involvement WOLL Service Creation WOLL Infrastructures WOLL Governance WOLL Innovation outcomes WOLL Methods & Tools



WOLL Harmonisation Cube scoring Tool	METHODS & TOOL (M&T) SCORE Objetive: Provide and continuously update specific (interoperable) state of the art methods and tools to acquire relevant large scale user data related to the targeted innovation outcomes within the water sector.										
Set up	M&TO 1	Did you define taxonomy of methods (ca- tegorization or classification) & tools to enable meaningful results from user ex- periments	Y	M&TC 1	Are your selected methods and tools for large scale (in-situ) user monitoring and measurement available for use	Y	M&TT 1	Do you deploy a tech-watch process to support continuous validation os state of the art methods and tools for user monitoring and measurements in the water sector	N		
Sustainability	M&TO 2	Did you select methods and tools valida- ted and endorsed by the relevant stake- holders connected to the WOLL	N	M&TC 2	Are your methods and tools geared for continued and lon- ger term Living Lab experiments with users, within a sustainable WOLL	N	M&TT 2	Did you set-up technology support (develop, testing and acceptance) to update methods and tools to the state of the art where necessary (e.g. new IoT devices)	N		
Scalability	M&TO 3	Did you standardize your methods & tools (e.g. open source) and search best practi- ces, so that to enable data exchange with other WOLLs	N	M&TC 3	Did you set-up best practices sharing methods, tools and me- chanisms at panEuropean Water Oriented Living Lab projects	N	M&TT 3	Did you design your methods and tools in a way (open source) to ac- cept and interface new technologies/ possibilities that comes through ex- ternal networks (e.g. WOLLs)	N	44%	
SMART opportunities for WOLL maturity development	M&TO Score	33%		M&TC Score	33%		M&TT Score	67%			
S=Specific: Define a specific challenges and action to impro- ving your LL maturity level											
M=Measurable: Define delive- rables or concrete progress on targeted challenge	ents			ents			nts				
A=Actionable: Verify if you as a Living Lab organisation can actual DO something to realise these improvements	Improvements			Improvements			Improvements				
R=Reasonable: within the scope of your available resources: define how much resources would be re- quired to realise the improvements	0			2			⊢				
T=Timely: realisable within acceptable timing: define a reasonable timeline to realise the improvements	M&T			M&			M&T				
METRICS SCORE					44%					TOTAI SCOR	

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NOTES

COLOPHON

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WATER-ORIENTED LIVING LABS



HOW TO ASSESS AND EVOLVE WATER-ORIENTED LIVING LABS A MANUAL WITH A VISION



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